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| KS1 | Autumn | Spring | Summer |
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|  | Term 1 | Term 2 | Term 3 | Term 4 | Term 5 | Term 6 |
| Literacy | Bronze Age-Write for a variety of purposes with the focus of:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. -Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell some high frequency words.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.(EYFS- Recognising sounds, writing the sounds the children have learnt so far, start building cvc words by sounding out. | The Polar RegionsBooks as stimulus: Lost and Found by Oliver JeffersWrite for a variety of purposes with the focus of:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. -Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell some high frequency words.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.-Create fact files and information pages.-Write and present information about Scott of the Antarctic.-Write narratives in the first person.-Write narrative stories.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.(EYFS-Writing cvc words, building words using phonic knowledge and know what a full stop and capital letter is.) | Iron AgeWrite for a variety of purposes including stories, letters, diary entries and non-fiction styles.Writing focus:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. -Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell some high frequency words.-Use connectives to extend sentences.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.-Write and present information.-Write non-chronological reports.-Write for a range of different purposes.-Create fact files and information pages.-Write at length-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.(EYFS-Begin to write simple sentences with the use of “and.” ) | Cities/ Burglar BillWrite for a variety of purposes including stories, letters, diary entries and non-fiction styles.Writing focus:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. -Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell some high frequency words.-Use connectives to extend sentences.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.(EYFS-Write for a variety of different purposes and begin to use irregular common words in their writing.) | Celts and PictsWrite for a variety of purposes including stories, letters, diary entries and non-fiction styles.Writing focus:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell high frequency words correctly.-Use connectives to extend sentences.-Use adventurous and different vocabulary.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing. (EYFS-Write confidently using phonic knowledge and some irregular common words. Read sentences written back to others.)hrases and captions) | RainforestsBooks as stimulus: The Enormous Crocodile by Roald DahlWrite for a variety of purposes including stories, letters, diary entries and non-fiction styles.Writing focus:-Writing sentences which make sense-Use finger spaces correctly between words.-Punctuate sentences with capital letters and full stops. Use phonic knowledge to spell unfamiliar words and spell high frequency words correctly.-Use connectives to extend sentences.-Use adventurous and different vocabulary.-Develop a love and appreciation for writing.(EYFS- Begin to write for a variety of purposes and be able to read writing to others. Sentences to have capital letters and full stops, some description used.) |
| History |  Bronze Age-Pupils will gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain’s past and that of the wider world.-Pupils should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.-Pupils will learn about the similarities and differences between the Stone Age and the Bronze Age and how ways in life changed. |  | Iron Age-Pupils will be able to show an understanding of what a civilisation is  -Pupils will know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.-Pupils will learn about how early civilisations such as the Celts and Picts lived at the time of the Iron Age. |  |  Celts and Picts-Pupils will gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain’s past and that of the wider world.-Pupils will know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.-They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented. |  |
| Geography |   | The Polar Regions-Identify the location of cold places in of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.-Use geographical vocabulary - Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places.-Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS) |   | Cities (Linked to Burglar Bill)* -Name and locate the world’s seven continents and five oceans.
* -Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.
* -Use geographical vocabulary including identifying physical and human features.

- Communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length. |   | Rainforests (Linked to the enormous crocodile)- Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.- Identify the location of hot places in of the world in relation to the Equator.-Identify and discuss the differences in rainforests to where we live.  |
| Science | Bronze Age-Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses-Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. | Polar Regions-Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals-Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats-Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other-Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food. | Iron Age- Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.-Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials-Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways-Notice and describe how things move, using simple comparisons such as faster and slower.• Compare how different things move. | Cities Burglar Bill-Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made-Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock-Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials-Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. | Celts and Picts – Animals including humans-Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults -Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)-Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. | Rainforest-Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets) -Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.-Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees-Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. |
| Maths | (EYFS- Recognising numbers 0-20, ordering numbers 0-20, counting accurately by touch counting, one more, one less.)Number- Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number-Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens-Given a number, identify one more and one lessCalculation -Begin to read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs -Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Geometry –Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes (e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) Measure -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights ,mass or weight.-Sequence events in chronological order using language -Compare mass/weight  | (EYFS- Name common 2D shapes and recognise them in the environment, find one more and one less of a number)Number –Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number-Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.-Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, leastCalculation- Begin to read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs -Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Measure -Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes-Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: time -Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years -Tell the time to the hour and half past-Measure and begin to record the following: time -Geometry- Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes. | (EYFS- Recognising tens numbers, solve problems including doubling and halving, count in 2’s and 10’s.)Number- Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words -Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Calculation -Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Geometry - Describe position, directions and movements, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns-Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheresCalculation/Measure -Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notessolve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction. | (EYFS-Solve halving and doubling problems, recognise 1p,2p,5p,10p,20p,50p, £1, describing 2D shapes)Number -Given a number, identify one more and one less-Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words Calculation-Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher -Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction.Measure -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) -Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights-Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass or weight (e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) -Measure and begin to record the following: mass/weight | (EYFS- use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance and compare quantities and objects to solve problems.)Measure -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: capacity/volume (full/empty, more than, less than, quarter)-Measure and begin to record the following: capacity and volumeNumber- Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens-Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least-Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Fractions -Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity-Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantityCalculation -Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division. | (EYFS-Use everyday language to describe position, add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer.)Measure- Sequence events in chronological order using language. -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time.-Recognise and use language relating to dates.-Tell the time to the hour and half past -Measure and begin to record time.Number -Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number-Count in multiples of twos, fives and tensMeasure -Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights, mass or weight, capacity/volume.Geometry-Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes-Describe position, directions and movements, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turnsCalculation-Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction.Geometry -Recognise and name common 3-D shapes. |
| PE | Modern dance or street dance-Perform dances using simple movement patterns.-Master basic movements including developing balance, agility co-ordination.-Choose moves to communicate a mood, feeling or idea.-Change speed and levels within a performance. -Develop physical strength and suppleness by practising moves and stretching. | Gymnastics-Move with some control and awareness of space.-Show contrasts (such as small/tall, straight/curved and wide/narrow).-Travel by rolling forwards, backwards and sideways. - Hold a position whilst balancing on different points of the body.-Climb safely on equipment.- Stretch and curl to develop flexibility.- Jump in a variety of ways and land with increasing control and balance. | Keep fit-Explore the importance of a healthy lifestyle and healthy eating.-Learn about the structure and composition of the body e.g. muscles and skeleton.-Develop physical strength and suppleness by practising moves and stretching. | Parachute-Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.- Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. | Country dancing- Copy and remember moves and positions.-Move with careful control and coordination.-Link two or more actions to perform a sequence.-Choose movements to communicate a mood, feeling or idea. | Athletics-Participate in running races using various equipment and obstacles.-Participate in running short distances focusing on encouragement and personal bests.-Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities  |
| RE | All about me-What makes me, me? What am I like? (likes/dislikes; hobbies; interests; family; friends) -What do religions believe about what people are like and what they should be like? (Adam and Eve; 10 Commandments; Golden Rule; 2 greatest commandments) -What do you think the perfect person would be like? Can we agree? (beliefs, behaviour, values, feelings) | Christmas story-To know the Christmas story.-To know that Christmas is a celebration of Jesus’s birth.-To know how Christmas is celebrated around the world. | Important People-Who is important to me and why? (family, friends, teachers, celebrities) -Who is special for religious people and what makes them special? (Jesus; Abraham; Vicar; Rabbi) -How do special people influence the way we behave? (setting an example, respect, influence | Important places (link to Easter story)-What makes your home a special place for you? (people, things, feelings, activities) -What makes some places important in religions? (home; churches; synagogue) -What can special places tell us about people? (beliefs, feelings, practices, values) | What makes some occasions special* What are the special times in our lives?
* How do we celebrate them?
* What makes these occasions important?
* What can we learn about the people that celebrate them?
 | Special Things-What things are special in your home, to you, your family and friends? (cuddly toy; family heirloom; memories) -What objects are sacred or important in the religion and why? (crucifix/cross; Bible; menorah; mezuzah) -What do special things show about what is important to people? (beliefs, feelings, values) |
| Music | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.  | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. | Recorders-play tuned instruments musically- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. |
| French | In the chosen modern language: - Speak - Read Basic questions, Numbers, Colours, PetsClassroom instructions.French singing | In the chosen modern language: - Speak - Read Basic questions, Numbers, Colours, Basic foods Christmas in France | In the chosen modern language: - Speak - Read Ordering foods. Likes/dislikes | I Look at the culture of the countries where the language is spoken In the chosen modern language: -Speak - Read Easter in France | In the chosen modern language: - Speak - Read Basic body parts. | In the chosen modern language: - Speak - Read Going on holiday to France – buying ice creams. Eating in a restaurant/cafe |
| Art | Mark Making- To use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. | Watercolour-To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space-To use painting to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination-to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture.  | Collage- To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space  | Collage- To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space  | Printing-Children should know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.  | Textiles-To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.-To learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. |
| ICT | We are treasure hunters-Understand that a programmable toy can be controlled by inputting a sequence of instructions -Develop and record sequences of instructions as an algorithm program the toy to follow their algorithm debug their programs -Predict how their programs will work | . We are collectors-Find and use pictures on the webknow what to do if they encounter pictures that cause concern group images on the basis of a binary (yes/no) question organise images into more than two groups according to clear rules sort (order) images according to some criteria ask and answer binary (yes/no) questions about their images. | We are painters-Use the web safely to find ideas for an illustration select and use appropriate painting tools to create and change images on the computer understand how this use of ICT differs from using paint and paper create an illustration for a particular purpose know how to save, -Retrieve and change their work reflect on their work and act on feedback received.  | We are celebrating-Develop basic keyboard skills, through typing and formatting text develop basic mouse skills use the web to find and select images develop skills in storing and retrieving files -Develop skills in combining text and images discuss their work and think about whether it could be improved.  | We are TV chefs-Break down a process into simple, clear steps, as in an algorithm use different features of a video camera use a video camera to capture moving images-Develop collaboration skills -Discuss their work and think about how it could be improved.  | We are storytellers-Use sound recording equipment to record sounds -Develop skills in saving and storing sounds on the computer -Develop collaboration skills as they work together in a group understand how a talking book differs from a paper-based book -Talk about and reflect on their use of ICT share recordings with an audience.  |
| PSHRSee policy for details of whole school initiatives. | **Feelings and emotions**Explore and identify our own feelings and emotions. To recognise what is right and wrong.**Keeping myself safe**-Learning how to keep safe online.-Know who you can go to when you need help. | **My Family and Friends**Identify people who are special and what makes them special to us. To explore the similarities and differences between myself and others.**Where does food come from?**Exploring how food is grown and where it comes from. Learning the names of different vegetables and identifying where the different meats come from | **Belonging** To identify the different groups I belong to in ad out of school. To explore the ways in which we are unique.**Cultures and religions** Explore the different cultures and religions from around the world e.g. Christianity, Jews | **People who help me**Learn about special people in the community and how they help us. To learn what to do in an emergency.**Movement and Exercise**-How do our bodies move? What makes them move. Explore how exercise affects our bodies.  | **Being happy and healthy**To identify my own strengths and set personal goals. To explore what makes a happy and healthy mind..**Cleaning my teeth**Learn about what a healthy lifestyle is and the importance of dental health. Explore the importance of maintaining good hygiene. | **Caring for the world**To explore how we can look after our environment and make a difference.**Value and Ownership**To understand where money comes from and the value of it. To explore the choices we make with money and the effects this will have. |